







Model Number

UB500-18GM75-E5-V15

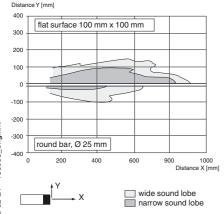
Single head system

Features

- Switch output
- 5 different output functions can be
- Selectable sound lobe width
- **Program input**
- Synchronization options
- **Deactivation option**
- **Temperature compensation**
- Very small unusable area

Diagrams

Characteristic response curve



Technical data

General specifications	
Sensing range	30 500 mm
Adjustment range	50 500 mm
Unusable area	0 30 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 380 kHz
Response delay	approx. 50 ms
Indicators/operating means	
LED yellow	indication of the switching state

indication of the switching state flashing: program function object detected

I FD red solid red: Error

red, flashing: program function, object not detected

Electrical specifications

Operating voltage U_B 10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 $\%_{SS}$

No-load supply current I₀ ≤ 50 mA

Input/Output

1 synchronous connection, bi-directional Synchronization 0-lével: -U_B...+1 V

1-level: +4 V...+U_B input impedance: > 12 k Ω

synchronization pulse: \geq 100 μ s, synchronization interpulse

period: ≥ 2 ms

Synchronization frequency < 95 Hz Common mode operation

Multiplex operation ≤ 95 Hz /n, n = number of sensors

Input

Output

Input type 1 program input. operating range 1: -U_B ... +1 V, operating range 2: +4 V ...

 $+U_B$

input impedance: > 4.7 k Ω ; program pulse: \geq 1 s

1 switch output PNP Normally open/closed, programmable Output type Rated operational current I_e 200 mA, short-circuit/overload protected

 \leq 3 V Voltage drop U_d Repeat accuracy ≤ 1 % Switching frequency f max. 8 Hz

Range hysteresis H 1 % of the set operating distance

Temperature influence ± 1.5 % of full-scale value

Ambient conditions Ambient temperature

-25 ... 70 °C (-13 ... 158 °F) Storage temperature -40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F)

Mechanical specifications

Connection type Device connector M12 x 1, 5-pin

Protection degree IP65

Material

Housing brass, nickel-plated Transducer epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam

polyurethane, cover PBT Mass 60 g

Compliance with standards and directives

Standard conformity

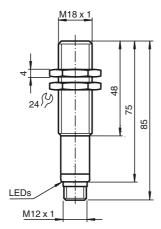
EN 60947-5-2:2007 Standards

IEC 60947-5-2:2007

Approvals and certificates

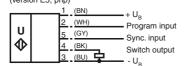
UL approval cULus Listed, General Purpose CSA approval cCSAus Listed, General Purpose

Dimensions



Electrical Connection

Standard symbol/Connections: (version E5, pnp)



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Pinout

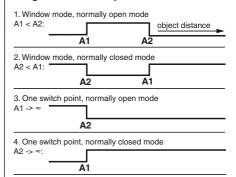


Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

Additional Information

Programmable output modes



5. A1 -> ∞, A2 -> ∞: Object presence detection mode Object detected: Switch output closed No object detected: Switch output open

Accessories

UB-PROG2

Programming unit

OMH-04

Mounting aid for round steel ø 12 mm or sheet 1.5 mm ... 3 mm

Mounting flange, 18 mm

BF 18-F

Mounting flange with dead stop, 18 mm

Universal mounting bracket for cylindrical sensors with a diameter of 5 ... 30 mm

UVW90-K18

Ultrasonic -deflector

V15-G-2M-PVC

Cable socket, M12, 5-pin, PVC cable

V15-W-2M-PUR

Cable socket, M12, 5-pin, PUR cable

Synchronisation

The sensor features a synchronisation input for the suppression of mutual interference. If this input is not used, the sensor will operate using an internally generated clock rate. The synchronisation of multiple sensors can be realised as follows:

External synchronisation

The sensor can be synchronised by the external application of a square wave voltage. A synchronisation pulse at the synchronisation input starts a measuring cycle. The pulse must have a duration greater than 100 µs. The measuring cycle starts with the falling edge of a synchronisation pulse. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input will result in the normal operation of the sensor. A high level at the synchronisation input disables the sensor.

Two operating modes are available

- 1. Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors are synchronised.
- 2. The synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to individual sensors. The sensors operate in multiplex mode.

Internal synchronisation

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors capable of internal synchronisation are connected to one another. When power is applied, these sensors will operate in multiplex mode. The response delay increases according to the number of sensors to be synchronised. Synchronisation cannot be performed during TEACH-IN and vice versa. The sensors must be operated in an unsynchronised manner to teach the switching point.

If the option for synchronisation is not used, the synchronisation input has to be connected to ground (0V) or the sensor has to be operated via a V1 cable connector (4-pin).

Adjusting the switching points

The ultrasonic sensor features a switch output with two teachable switching points. These are set by applying the supply voltage -U_B or +U_B to the TEACH-IN input. The supply voltage must be applied to the TEACH-IN input for at least 1 s. LEDs indicate whether the sensor has recognised the target during the TEACH-IN procedure. Switching point A1 is taught with -U_B, A2 with

Five different output functions can be set

- 1. Window mode, normally-open function
- 2. Window mode, normally-closed function
- 3. One switch point, normally-open function
- 4. One switch point, normally-closed function
- 5. Detection of object presence



Switching points may only be specified directly after Power on. A time lock secures the adjusted switching points against unintended modification 5 minutes after Power on. To modify the switching points later, the user may specify the desired values only after a new Power On.

TEACH-IN window mode, normally-open function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UR
- Set target to far switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +U_R

TEACH-IN window mode, normally-closed function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +U_R
- Set target to far switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UR

TEACH-IN switching point, normally-open function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +U_R
- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UR

TEACH-IN switching point, normally-closed function

- Set target to near switching point
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UB
- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +UB

TEACH-IN detection of object presence

- Cover sensor with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- TEACH-IN switching point A1 with -UB
- TEACH-IN switching point A2 with +UB

Default setting of switching points

A1 = unusable area

A2 = nominal sensing range

LED Displays

Displays in dependence on operating mode	Red LED	Yellow LED
TEACH-IN switching point:		
Object detected	off	flashes
No object detected	flashes	off
Object uncertain (TEACH-IN invalid)	on	off
Normal operation	off	switching
		state
Fault	on	previous state

Adjusting the sound cone characteristics:

The ultrasonic sensor enables two different shapes of the sound cone, a wide angle sound cone and a small angle sound cone.

1. Small angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-input wire to -U_B
- switch on the power supply
- the red LED flashes once with a pause before the next.
- yellow LED: permanently on: indicates the presence of an object or disturbing object within the sensing range
- disconnect the Teach-input wire from -U_B and the changing is saved

pause ;

2. Wide angle sound cone

- switch off the power supply
- connect the Teach-input wire with +U_R
- switch on the power supply
- the red LED double-flashes with a long pause before the next.
- yellow LED: permanently on: indicates an object or disturbing object within the sensing range
- disconnect the Teach-input wire from +U_B and the changing is saved



Installation conditions

If the sensor is installed at places, where the environment temperature can fall below 0 °C, for the sensors fixation, one of the mounting flanges BF18, BF18-F or BF 5-30 must be used.

In case of direct mounting of the sensor in a through hole using the steel nuts, it has to be fixed at the middle of the housing thread. If a fixation at the front end of the threaded housing is required, plastic nuts with centering ring (accessories) must be used.